

Material Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

CAS #:

Product Name: Alpine MDF

Alpine MDF LFE
Alpine MDF MR
Alpine MDF E0
Alpine MDF E0MR

Generic Name: Wood panel product Formula: mixture

Chemical Name: - Hazard Label: -

Manufacturer: ALPINE MDF Industries Pty Telephone: 03 5721 3522

Ltd

ABN: 37 064 766 301

Address: P.O. Box 804 **Facsimile:** 03 5721 3588

Wangaratta Vic 3676

Internet Address: www.alpinemdf.com.au

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Appearance and odour: These products are manufactured as pressed boards ranging in

thickness from 3 mm to 33 mm. They are made from wood particles/fibres which are bonded together with resin. Newly manufactured board and freshly cut surfaces may have a pine

odour.

Uses: Construction of furniture and cabinets and/or general purpose

building boards.



SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO ASCC CRITERIA

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. None Allocated DG Class None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated Packing Group None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated EPGN None Allocated

OVERVIEW

Dust Hazard: Occupational exposure to wood dust from any timber product has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria of the National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC). Inhalation of excessive amounts of dust may cause temporary upper respiratory irritation and/or congestion; and irritation of the eyes and skin. Repeated inhalation of wood dust increases the risk of nasal cancer and may increase the risk of lung fibrosis.

Formaldehyde gas may be released under some conditions particularly when the boards are heated and laminated, or cut by laser cutting machines. However, in well ventilated storage areas and workplaces, the concentration of formaldehyde is unlikely to exceed the World Health Organisation Standard of 0.1 mg/m³ for the general environment (30 minute average concentration) and it will be well below the NOHSC Occupational Exposure Standard of 1.2 mg/m³ TWA.

Wood dust may be produced from machining the product, and formaldehyde gas may be produced from heating processes.

Explosion Hazard: Wood dust may ignite at temperatures greater than 204°C/400°F, and high concentrations-in-air (>60g/m³) may spontaneously explode.

Potential Health Effects

Acute (short term) Health Effects:

Swallowed: Unlikely under normal conditions. Swallowing the dust may cause abdominal

discomfort.

Eye: Wood dust and the resin may be irritating to the eyes resulting in redness and

watering.

Skin: Skin contact with wood dust and the resin may result in skin itching and redness,

and dermatitis in some people.

Inhaled: Inhalation of wood dust and resin may be irritating to the nose, throat and lungs.



Page 3 of 10 pages March 2020

Chronic (long term) Health Effects:

Repeated exposure over many years to uncontrolled wood dust increases the risk of nasal cavity cancer. Inhalation of wood dust may also increase the risk of lung fibrosis (scarring). There are also increased risks of respiratory and skin sensitisation from wood dust and resin resulting in asthma and dermatitis respectively.

Wood dust has been evaluated by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as group 1, carcinogenic to humans.

Formaldehyde has been evaluated by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as group 1, carcinogenic to humans, and the current European Union (EU) classification under the Dangerous Substances Directive as category 3 (C3) carcinogen leading to a risk phrase R 40 (Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect).

SECTION 3: INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Name	CAS#	%	Exposure Limits NOHSC[1003(1995)]
Wood particles or fibres from plantation softwoods	-	>70%	Not applicable for intact products.
Urea formaldehyde resin	9011-05-6	<20%	
Melamine urea formaldehyde resin	25036-13-9	<20%	
Paraffin wax	8002-74-2	<1%	



Ingredient Name	CAS#	%	Exposure Limits NOHSC[1003(1995)]
Dust from this product contains:			
Soft wood dust	-	>80%	There is no specific
Cured binder	-	<20%	Exposure Standard for dust from wood panel products, but the following should apply: (i) wood dust (softwood): Time-Weighted Average TWA 5.0 mg/m³; Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 10.0 mg/m³. Measured as inspirable particulates. sen - sensitising to skin and respiratory tract (ii) formaldehyde: TWA 1.0 ppm (1.2 mg/m³); STEL
			2.0 ppm (2.5 mg/m³). sen - sensitiser; Cat 3 (possible human) carcinogen.

< Company > recommendation: Keep exposures as low as practicable with the aim of keeping dust exposures below 1.0 mg/m³ measured as inspirable dust.

Note: The ingredients are bonded together under heat and pressure. The process cures the resin but small amounts of formaldehyde from the resin may be released from the finished product. The finished product contains less than 0.01% free formaldehyde by weight.

The proportion of paint on coated products is less than 1 % of the board mass.

Potential exposures to dust will occur only when power tools or wood working machinery is used on the product such as planing, sawing, drilling or sanding, or in poorly maintained workshops.



SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Swallowed: For advice contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia

Wide). Product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

Eyes: Irrigate eyes thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If

symptoms persist seek medical attention.

Skin: Wash thoroughly with mild soap and water. Remove clothing if

contaminated with dust.

Inhaled: If inhaled remove from contaminated are immediately

First-aid facilities: Provide eye-wash facilities.

Notes to doctor: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Unusual Fire / Explosion Hazards: Wood dusts may form explosive mixtures with air. Burning

or smouldering boards or dust, and boards cut by laser cutting machines can generate carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide and other pyrolysis products which are irritating to the respiratory tract. Avoid breathing smoke from laser cutting machines and from burning or smouldering materials. Full clothing and self-contained apparatus should be worn for fire fighting. Extinguish fire

with water, fog, foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical.

THE INTACT PRODUCT AND DUST MUST NOT BE BURNT IN BARBECUES, COMBUSTION STOVES OR OPEN FIRES IN THE HOME, AS IRRITATING GASES ARE EMITTED.

Flammable Properties and Explosive Limits

Flash Point: not applicable Lower Explosive Limit (LEL): not applicable

FP Test Method: not applicable **Upper Explosive Limit (UEL):** not applicable

Flame Classification: not determined Auto ignition Temperature: > 204°C

Flame Propagation: not determined **Decomposition Temperature:** not applicable



SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL SPILL AND RELEASE MEASURES

Spills/Disposal:

Off-cuts and general waste material should be placed in containers and disposed of at approved landfill sites or incinerated in accordance with local authority guidelines. Burning cannot be used as a means of disposal without specific local authority and EPA approval.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling/Storage:

No special transport or storage requirements are considered necessary. The boards should be stored in well ventilated areas away from source of heat, flames or sparks.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Summary:

Keep exposures as low as practicable with the aim of maintaining airborne dust levels below 1.0 mg/m³ time-weighted average (TWA), measured as inspirable dust. All work with wood panels products must be carried out in such a way as to minimise exposure to dust. Under factory conditions, machining, sawing, drilling, routing, laser cutting or sanding of the wood must be done with equipment fitted with local exhaust ventilation devices capable of removing dust and smoke at source. Work areas should be kept clean by regular vacuuming or wet sweeping.

Ventilation:

Local exhaust ventilation should be provided at areas of cutting to remove airborne dust. General dilution ventilation should be provided as necessary to keep airborne dust below the applicable exposure limits and guidelines. The need for ventilation systems should be evaluated by a professional industrial hygienist, while the design of specific ventilation systems should be conducted by a professional engineer.



Special Considerations for Repair/Maintenance of Contaminated Equipment:

Use personal protective equipment as discussed above. Where possible, vacuum all equipment before repair/maintenance to remove excessive dust.

Eye: Non-fogging dust resistant safety goggles or glasses conforming with Australian

and New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 1336:32014 Recommended practices for occupational eye protection should be worn if there is a risk of dust getting into

the eye, such as when using power tools.

Skin: Wear standard duty gloves conforming with Australian Standards AS 2161.1 2016

Industrial safety gloves and mittens, loose comfortable clothing, and boots. Long-sleeved shirts and long trousers are recommended if skin itching occurs. Wash skin with mild soap and water after working with these products. Wash

work clothes regularly and separately from other clothes.

Respiratory: Avoid breathing dust. Wear a P1 or P2 particulate disposable or cartridge dust

mask (respirator) conforming with Australian and New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 1715:2009 Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices, and AS/NZS 1716:2003 Respiratory protective devices when exposed to dust. These Standards should be followed in the selection, fit-testing, use, storage and

maintenance of the dust masks.

Smoking: Inhalation of airborne particles from other sources, including those from cigarette

smoke, may increase the risk of lung disease. All storage and work areas should be smoke free zones and other airborne contaminants be kept to a minimum.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point (°F/°C): not applicable

Evaporation Rate (Butyl acetate = 1): not applicable

Melting Point: not applicable

pH: not applicable

Saturation in Air (%): not applicable

Solids Content: not applicable

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.5 - 0.85

Vapor Density (Air = 1): not applicable

Vapor Pressure:not applicable

Viscosity: not applicable

Volatile by Volume (%): not applicable

Water Solubility (%): insoluble



SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: This product is not reactive.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal-oxidative degradation of this and other

wood products produces irritating and toxic smoke and gases. These include carbon monoxide, aldehydes, carbon particles, and organic acids.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL AND EPIDEMIOLOGICAL DATA

Any health hazards associated with these products have been evaluated on the basis of the individual ingredients, and these hazards should be assumed to be additive. The hazards described in this document have been evaluated based on a threshold of 1.0% for all hazardous ingredients and 0.1% for all carcinogens.

Health Hazard Summary: The dust, which may be generated during manual or mechanical

cutting, drilling, sanding or other abrading processes, and the smoke generated by heating or laser cutting, may cause temporary irritation of the eyes and upper respiratory system. The symptoms are expected to subside after exposure has stopped and are not expected to cause any long term effects. Allergic skin and lung reactions have been reported with exposure to various wood panels dusts due to the chemicals presented in wood and cured resin. These rashes resemble other allergic

skin reactions caused by plants, and usually heal rapidly.

Chronic Effects: Whilst this wood panel product contains less than 0.01% free

formaldehyde, people using the product may be exposed to low concentrations of formaldehyde if the boards are heated (as in laminating), are cut by laser cutting machines, and/or if dust particles come in contact with the moist mucous membranes lining the upper

respiratory tract.



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: This product should be used only for its designated purposes.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Summary: This product is not regulated as a hazardous waste by Australian

environmental authorities. Local authority guidelines should be followed in

the disposal of waste products and dust.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transportation: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good. No special transport

requirements are necessary.

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name None Allocated

UN No. None Allocated Packing Group None Allocated

DG Class None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated

Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated EPG None Allocated

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

No special State or Commonwealth regulations apply. The product is not listed in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons and as such no poison schedule number has been allocated

Paraffin Wax - is listed in Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances

Melamine/Urea Formaldehyde Resin- is listed in Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances



SECTION 17: OTHER INFORMATION

Contact Point: Alpine MDF Pty Ltd

99 Crosher Lane

Wangaratta, VIC 3677 Telephone 03 57 213 522 Facsimile 03 57 213 588

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